

## Helpful Tips

- \* Study and learn the vocabulary assigned, and then put those words together within the sentence using the context clues, and true cognates. This takes practice and time outside the classroom. Dedicate 15-20 minutes a day to review what you have learned in class.
- \* Write verbal charts as many times as necessary until they are correctly conjugated, with help (answers) and without any help to monitor progress.
- \* Study new vocabulary from English to Spanish and vice versa by writing. Then, quiz yourself. Correct if necessary, and try again until learn it. **Learning vocabulary is an individual task.**
- \* Link all new words with others in the sentence; and use context to grasp a better understanding of the given sentence/situation.
- \* Compare and analyze previous concepts with new ones by identifying common and different aspects.

Spanish 2 and 3 are classes that cover all present and most past tenses used in Spanish, the conjugations are quite irregular and it requires memorization in certain sections. It builds up on top of the previous section and recycles continuously. Thus, keeping all the worksheets organized in the way the topics have been covered so the student can go back and reinforce any aspect at any time and visualize the progression.

Study, go over, and practice a little every day. Most students study for the test several hours the night before, which does not help at all when learning foreign languages. You need time to identify, process, practice, imitate, and produce the language you are acquiring. **To learn a Foreign Language you need to practice it on a daily basis.**